

# Summary of lectures on translational symmetry

- wavefunction for electrons in a periodic potential has Bloch form

$$\Psi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{r} + \vec{R}) = e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{R}} \Psi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{r})$$

$\vec{R}$   
a lattice vector

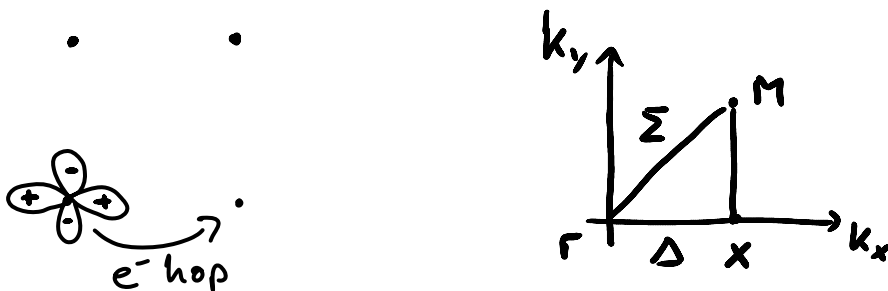
- define little group  $G_{\vec{k}}$  = all symmetry operations of the point group that leave  $\vec{k}$  invariant

$$R\vec{k} = \vec{k} + \vec{G}$$

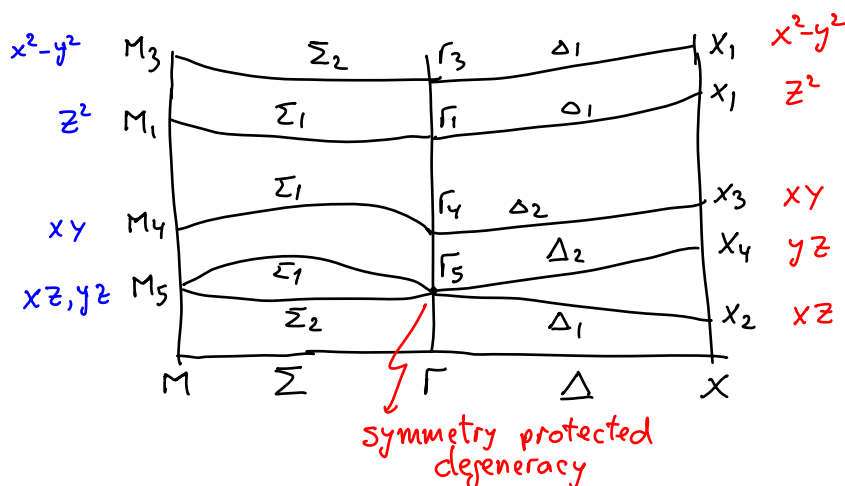
$\vec{G}$   
a reciprocal lattice vector

- wavefunctions transform as representation D of the lattice point group
- decompose D into i.r.r. of the little groups  
=> get symmetry of eigenstates and degeneracies of bands at each  $\vec{k}$

Ex: dispersion of *d*-orbitals in a square lattice



- decompose  $D^{(l=2)}$  into i.r.r. of the little groups for each  $\vec{k}$



## Ex: Phonon dispersions

- atomic displacements  $\{\vec{u}_i\}$  form a  $3n$ -dimensional representation  $D$  of the symmetry point group ( $n$  atoms/unit cell)
- for each atom type: character

$$\chi(\alpha) = (1 + 2 \cos \alpha) \times \text{phase factor}$$

- decompose  $D$  into i.r.r of the little groups for each  $\vec{k}$

## Little Groups and Small Representations for Special Points of the Square Lattice

Consider symmetry direction in  $k$ -space  $\Gamma \rightarrow \Delta \rightarrow X$

1.  $\Gamma$ -point,  $\mathbf{k} = (0, 0)$ , little group =  $4mm$

$4mm$ ( $C_{4v}$ )		$E$	$2_z$	$4_z [2]$	$m_x [2]$	$m_d [2]$	
$\Gamma_1$	$A_1$	1	1	1	1	1	$z, x^2+y^2, z^2$
$\Gamma_2$	$A_2$	1	1	1	-1	-1	$R_z$
$\Gamma_3$	$B_1$	1	1	-1	1	-1	$x^2-y^2$
$\Gamma_4$	$B_2$	1	1	-1	-1	1	$xy$
$\Gamma_5$	$E$	2	-2	0	0	0	$(x, y), (xz, yz), (R_x, R_y)$

2.  $\Delta$ -point,  $\mathbf{k} = (k_x, 0)$ , little group =  $m$

relabel from tables  
 $x, y, z \rightarrow z, x, y$

$m$ ( $C_{1h}/C_s$ )		$E$	<del><math>m_z</math></del> $m_y$	
$\Delta_1$	$A'$	1	1	<del><math>x, y, x^2, y^2, z^2, xy, R_z</math></del> $z, x^2, y^2, z^2, xz, R_y$
$\Delta_2$	$A''$	1	-1	<del><math>x, yz, xz, R_x, R_y</math></del> $y, xy, R_z$

3.  $X$ -point,  $\mathbf{k} = (\pi/a, 0)$ , little group =  $2mm$

$2mm$ ( $C_{2v}$ )		$E$	$2_z$	$m_y$	$m_x$	
$X_1$	$A_1$	1	1	1	1	$z, x^2, y^2, z^2$
$X_3$	$A_2$	1	1	-1	-1	$xy, R_z$
$X_2$	$B_1$	1	-1	1	-1	$x, xz, R_y$
$X_4$	$B_2$	1	-1	-1	1	$y, yz, R_x$